# **Upgrade Simulation Status.**

#### **Progress towards SCT Endcap Upgrade Simulation Studies**



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# **ATLAS High Luminosity Upgrade**

- Current ATLAS Inner Detector will be insufficient for high luminosity operation following LHC upgrade (2020)
  - Insufficient radiation hardness, and already significant damage following 10 years of irradiation
  - Granularity of pixels and strips too low
  - Occupancy too high (for TRT in particular)
  - Readout not fast enough

> Pixels and strips will be replaced; TRT will be removed altogether

- Strip detector will be extended to fill space left by TRT
- Aim to achieve performance comparable to current ATLAS Inner Detector
- Letter of Intent for ATLAS Upgrade planned for end of 2011
- > Work on Upgrade Simulation is picking up steam again
- DESY will contribute simulation studies for the Strip (SCT) endcap



# **Utopia Layout**

- Geometry developed by "Utopia" taskforce
- Detector description version SLHC-19-13 is closest to "Utopia"
- > Barrel: 4 Pixel & 5 Strip layers
- Endcap: 6 Pixel & 5 Strip layers
  - SCT endcap disks: outer radius 950 mm, at z = +/- 1400, 1500, 1750, 2150 & 2800 mm
- Baseline endcap disk geometry still not fully implemented (see later)





SLHC-19-13 Inner Detector



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SLHC-19-13 SCT



## **Software Status**

#### Latest nightlies, 16.4.X

- Currently being developed
- Will eventually lead to a full series 17 Athena release, including all subdetectors
- Standard Simulation jobs do not currently run in this release
- This is being worked on, hopefully will be resolved soon...

### Frozen nightly, 15.X.0-SLHC

- Installed on NAF
- Still used as stable version for running standard jobs
- > 1 year old at this point



- Running full chain for current SLHC geometries Generation, Simulation, Digitization, Tracking
  - Single particles
  - Multi-muon/Multi-electron (10 particle/anti-particle pairs per event)
  - Signal + pile-up



### **Data Samples**

- Large (10,000 events) Multimuon/multi-electron files produced at several transverse momenta
  - 5 GeV
  - 50 GeV
  - 200 GeV
- Small samples of events with signal + pileup
  - Mainly as 'proof of principle' that we can run these jobs
  - Will require a large amount of minimum bias events
  - Discussed further later...



10 e+/e- pairs



Single muon + 10 pileup events



### Progress so far...

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### > Producing "standard" performance plots

- Efficiency
- Fake Rate



#### > For 50 GeV Muons

- Efficiency approaching ~1 over most of η range
- No fake tracks





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 Drop in efficiency and increase in fake rate for ~ 1.5<η<2</li>





#### > For 50 GeV Muons

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- No fake tracks

#### > For 50 GeV Electrons

 Very large drop in efficiency and increase in fake rate for ~ 1.5<η<2</li>

#### Material effects

- All tracks (including secondary particles generated within Geant4) shown in red
- Checking particle "barcode" allows track from pythia-generated particles (blue) – i.e. the ones we *want* to track to be differentiated
- Pythia tracks following cuts on MC match probability, z0, d0, Chi<sup>2</sup>, nHits, shown in green.





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- Compare with equivalent plots for current ATLAS Inner Detector
  - Similar features
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  - Needs to be understood
- For 200 GeV electrons, efficiency rises again, as does track fake rate





- Shared datasets available, multimuon with varying levels of pileup (5 – 400 collisions/event)
  - P<sub>T</sub> in range 2 100 GeV
  - 250 events for each setting
- Useful to test running over events with pileup
- Located at /castor/cern.ch/atlas/ atlascerngroupdisk/detslhc/ jtseng/rel6



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- Located at /castor/cern.ch/atlas/ atlascerngroupdisk/detslhc/ jtseng/rel6
- > Would also like to study occupancies
  - Hit information at sensor level required, not currently available in the Tracking Ntuples were are using



## Progress so far...

- Running full chain for current SLHC geometries Generation, Simulation, Digitization, Tracking
  - Single particles
  - Multi-muon/Multi-electron (10 particle/anti-particle pairs per event)
  - Signal + pile-up
- > Producing "standard" performance plots
  - Efficiency
  - Fake Rate
- Tracking Geometry
  - Producing Material Maps



# **Tracking Geometry**



- Tracking Geometry provides simplified detector description to be used in Reconstruction
  - Provides information on amount of material traversed by a particle for a given track
- Senerated by tracking non-interacting "geantino" particles through full Geant4 geometry



What are the next tasks we need to look at?



## **Pile-up data set production**

- Previous Upgrade studies considered 400 pileup collisions/event as baseline.
  - 100-200 pileup collisions/event is now considered to more likely scenario
- Minimum bias events take ~ 1 minute per event to simulate
- ~4Mb per event with 150 pileup collisions
- Large samples of events including pileup will be required
  - High fake rate in endcap is an important issue to investigate
  - Must ensure that these samples are produced in a sensible, efficient way



Simulated SLHC event with L=  $10 \times 10^{34}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup> (400 pileup collisions)



Muon fake rate & efficiency as a function of pileup



## **Geometry Modifications**

- Currently implemented SCT endcap description is based on modules in rings
- Want to implement radial geometry, with Petals
  - Few months "expert time"
  - Several people prepared to put time in to this, but far from experts!
- Many other facets of geometry can also be studied
  - Disk: radii, support structure, overlap
  - Petal: geometry, sensor shapes ...
  - Sensor: strip length
- FATRAS fast track simulation could be a useful tool for studying different geometries





## **ID Upgrade Management**

- Preliminary document produced (A. Clark, M. Elsing, P. Maettig)
- Can be found on Indico agenda page for Upgrade Simulation meeting, 8<sup>th</sup> December
  - Meeting every other Wednesday at 5pm. Via Skype, contact Jeff Tseng to be included
- > Preliminary set of questions to be addressed. Includes:
  - Redundancy/how many layers (cost vs. performance)
  - What rapidity coverage do we want/need
  - Material of services
  - What would one gain/lose from a long barrel?
  - Layout of endcap detector discs? Continuous shape?
- > Suggestions regarding datasets for studying performance criteria
  - e, μ, π with p<sub>⊤</sub> = 1, 5, 10, 20, 100 GeV
  - with/without pileup (L= 10x10<sup>34</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>, 50 ns bunch spacing)
  - Isolated/embedded inside jets



### Conclusions

- > Progress has been made in studies of current geometry
  - Running generation/simulation/digitization/tracking
  - Producing performance plots
- Necessary tasks becoming better defined
  - Hope to meet with Jeff Tseng in January to discuss this further
- Expert input still needed before work on geometry modifications can be started
  - Very limited documentation available on producing new detector descriptions
  - Need to sit down with people who know how to do this



#### **Backup Slides**



## **Tracking cuts for Efficiency calculation**

### > Truth Track Cuts

- Truth z0 < 150 mm</p>
- Truth d0 < 1.0 mm</p>
- Barcode indicates "signal" particle

- > Reconstructed track cuts
  - Reco track with best match to truth track
  - Match probability > 0.5
  - Total number of hits > 11
  - p<sub>T</sub> > 3 GeV
  - Chi<sup>2</sup>/dof < 5</p>
  - Rec z0 < 150 mm</p>
  - Rec d0 < 1.0 mm</p>

